

Electronic Demand AUTOMATIC WATER CONDITIONER

Models EP 6130, EP 6225, EP 6245 & EP 6260

Installation

Operation

Maintenance

Repair Parts

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS WHEN INSTALLING, OPERATING AND MAINTAINING YOUR CONDITIONER, OR WHEN SETTING THE TIMER

CALL TOLL FREE: 1 - 800 - 693 - 1138

or

visit www.ecopurewaterproducts.com

Systems tested and certified by NSF International against NSF/ANSI Standard 44 for water softener performance.



Systems tested and certified by the Water Quality Association against CSA B483.1.









WATER CONDITIONER WARRANTY

Warrantor: North Star Water Conditioning, 1890 Woodlane Drive, St. Paul, MN 55125-2913

Warrantor guarantees, to the original owner, that:

One Year Full Warranty:

For a period of one (1) year after installation, all parts will be free of defects in materials and workmanship, and will perform their normal functions.

Limited Warranties:

Limited ten (10) year warranty, from date of purchase, the salt tank and fiberglass mineral tank will not rust, corrode, leak, burst, or in any other manner, fail to perform their proper functions.

Limited three (3) year warranty, after installation, the electronic control board and valve body will be free of defects in materials and workmanship, and will perform their normal functions.

If, during such respective period, a part proves to be defective, Warrantor will ship a replacement part, directly to your home, without charge. After the first year, labor necessary to maintain this product is not covered by the product warranty.

General Conditions

Damage to any part of this water conditioner because of misuse, misapplication, neglect, alteration, accident, installation or operation contrary to our printed instructions, or damage caused by any unusual force of nature such as, but not limited to, freezing, flood, hurricane, tornado, or earthquake is not covered by this warranty. In all such cases, regular parts and service charges will apply.

We assume no warranty liability in connection with this water conditioner other than specified herein. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, including warranties of fitness for a particular purpose. We do not authorize any person or representative to assume for us any other obligations on the sale of this water conditioner.

Should a defect or malfunction occur, contact your contractor. If you are unable to contact your contractor, return the part, freight prepaid, directly to the factory at the address below. Enclose with the part a full description of the problem, with your name, full address, date purchased, model and serial numbers, and selling contractor's name and address. We will repair or replace the part and return it to you at no cost if our repair department determines it to be defective under the terms of the warranty.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

This water conditioner is manufactured by North Star Water Conditioning, 1890 Woodlane Drive, St. Paul, MN 55125-2913; customer information telephone no. 1-800-693-1138.



SAFETY GUIDES

FOLLOW THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. FAILURE TO INSTALL THE SOFTENER PROPERLY VOIDS THE WARRANTY.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN INSTALLATION, READ THIS ENTIRE MANUAL. THEN, OBTAIN ALL THE MATERIALS AND TOOLS YOU WILL NEED TO MAKE THE INSTALLATION.

CHECK LOCAL PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL CODES. THE INSTALLATION MUST CONFORM TO THEM. CODES IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS REQUIRE INSTALLATION BY A LICENSED PLUMBER. FOR INSTALLATION, USE PLUMBING CODE 248-CMR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

USE ONLY LEAD-FREE SOLDER AND FLUX FOR ALL SWEAT-SOLDER CONNECTIONS. AS REQUIRED BY STATE AND FEDERAL CODES.

USE CARE WHEN HANDLING THE SOFTENER. DO NOT TURN UPSIDE DOWN, DROP, OR SET ON SHARP PROTRU-SIONS.

DO NOT LOCATE THE SOFTENER WHERE FREEZING TEMPERATURES OCCUR. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO TREAT WA-TER OVER 120°F. FREEZING, OR HOT WATER DAMAGE VOIDS THE WARRANTY.

AVOID INSTALLING IN DIRECT SUNLIGHT. EXCESSIVE SUN HEAT MAY CAUSE DISTORTION OR OTHER DAMAGE TO NON-METALLIC PARTS.

THE SOFTENER REQUIRES A MINIMUM WATER FLOW OF 3 GALLONS PER MINUTE AT THE INLET. MAXIMUM AL-LOWABLE INLET WATER PRESSURE IS 125 PSI. IF DAYTIME PRESSURE IS OVER 80 PSI, NIGHTTIME PRESSURE MAY EXCEED THE MAXIMUM. USE A PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE IF NECESSARY. (ADDING A PRESSURE RE-DUCING VALVE MAY REDUCE THE FLOW.)

THE SOFTENER WORKS ON 24 VOLT-60 Hz ELECTRICAL POWER ONLY. BE SURE TO USE THE INCLUDED TRANS-FORMER AND PLUG IT INTO A NOMINAL 120V, 60 CYCLE HOUSEHOLD OUTLET THAT IS GROUNDED AND PROPERLY PROTECTED BY AN OVER CURRENT DEVICE SUCH AS A CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSE. IF TRANSFORMER IS RE-PLACED, USE ONLY THE AUTHORIZED SERVICE, CLASS II, 24 VOLT, 10VA TRANSFORMER.

THIS SYSTEM IS NOT INTENDED TO BE USED FOR TREATING WATER THAT IS MICROBIOLOGICALLY UNSAFE OF OF UNKNOWN QUALITY WITHOUT ADEQUATE DISINFECTION BEFORE OR AFTER THEY SYSTEM.

◆▶ EUROPEAN DIRECTIVE 2002/96/EC REQUIRES ALL ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT TO BE DIS-🌬 POSED OF ACCORDING TO WASTE ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT (WEEE) REQUIREMENTS. THIS DIRECTIVE OR SIMILAR LAWS ARE IN PLACE NATIONALLY AND CAN VARY FROM REGION TO REGION. PLEASE REFER TO YOUR STATE AND LOCAL LAWS FOR PROPER DISPOSAL OF THIS EQUIPMENT.



UNPACKING / INSPECTION

The softener is shipped in one carton (most models) or two cartons (Model EP 6260 only). It is completely assembled at the factory, except as required at installation.

Be sure to check the entire softener for any shipping damage or parts loss. Also note damage to the shipping cartons. Contact the transportation company for all damage and loss claims. The manufacturer is not responsible for damages in transit.

Small parts, needed to install the softener, are in a parts bag. To avoid loss of the small parts, keep them in the parts bag until you are ready to use them.

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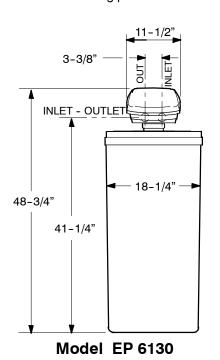


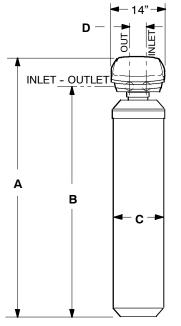
SPECIFICATIONS / DIMENSIONS

MODEL	EP 6130	EP 6225	EP 6245	EP 6260
Model Code	E6130	E6225	E6245	E6260
Rated Capacity (grains @ lbs salt dose)	11,800 @ 2.3 25,300 @ 7.4 30,200 @ 12.5	11,200 @ 2.2 24,000 @ 7.1 28,700 @ 12.0	13,300 @ 2.6 35,700 @ 9.9 45,400 @ 17.2	18,100 @ 3.6 48,200 @ 13.6 61,400 @ 23.7
Rated Efficiency (grains / lb @ min. salt dose) ■	5120 @ 2.3	5070 @ 2.2	5120 @ 2.6	5020 @ 3.6
Amount of High Capacity Ion Exchange Resin (lbs / cu ft)	40.6 / .78	39.0 / .75	65.5 / 1.26	90.5 / 1.74
Resin Tank Nominal Size (in., dia x height)	8 x 40	8 x 40	10 x 40	12 x 54
Service Flow Rate (gpm)	7.5	7.5	10.0	13.9
Pressure Drop at Service Flow (psi)	14	13	11	15
Intermittent Flow Rate @ 15 psi (gpm) ▲	7.9	8.1	12.3	13.9
Water Supply Maximum Hardness (gpg)	70	60	80	120
Water Supply Max. Clear Water Iron (ppm) ●	8	5	12	16
Max. Flow Rate (gpm) to Drain During Regeneration	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Water Pressure Limits (min. / max. psi) ◆	20 - 125			
Water Temperature Limits (°F)	40 - 120			
Water Supply Minimum Flow Rate (gpm)	3			

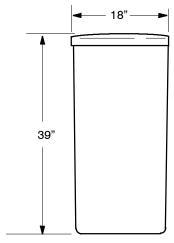
These systems conform to NSF/ANSI 44 for specific performance claims as verified and substantiated by test data.

- Efficiency rating is only valid at the lowest salt dosage. These softeners were efficiency rated according to NSF/ANSI Standard 44
- ▲ Intermittent flow rate does not represent the maximum service flow rate used for determining the softeners rated capacity and efficiency. Continuous operation at flow rates greater than the service flow rate may affect capacity and efficiency performance.
- Capacity to reduce clear water iron is substantiated by WQA test data.
- ◆ Canada working pressure: 1.4 7.0 kg/cm².





	EP 6225	EP 6245	EP 6260
Α	48-3/4"	50-3/8"	64"
В	41-1/4"	41-5/8"	55-1/2"
С	11"	11"	13"
D	3-3/8"	3-7/8"	3-7/8"



Models EP 6225, EP 6245 & EP 6260



BEFORE STARTING INSTALLATION

▶ WHERE TO INSTALL THE SOFTENER ...

- Place the softener as close as possible to the pressure tank (well system) or water meter (city water).
- Place the softener as close as possible to a floor drain, or other acceptable drain point (laundry tub, sump, standpipe, etc.).
- Connect the softener to the main water supply pipe BEFORE or AHEAD OF the water heater.
 DO NOT RUN HOT WATER THROUGH THE SOFTENER. Temperature of water passing through the softener must be less than 120°F (49°C).
- Keep outside faucets on hard water to save soft water and salt.
- Do not install the softener in a place where it could freeze. Damage caused by freezing is not covered by the warranty.

- Put the softener in a place water damage is least likely to occur if a leak develops. The manufacturer will not repair or pay for water damage.
- A 120 volt electric outlet, to plug the included transformer into, is needed within 10 feet of the softener. The transformer has an attached 10 foot power cable. Be sure the electric outlet and transformer are in an inside location, to protect from wet weather.
- If installing in an outside location, you must take the steps necessary to assure the softener, installation plumbing, wiring, etc., are as well protected from the elements, contamination, vandalism, etc., as when installed indoors.
- Keep the softener out of direct sunlight. The sun's heat may soften and distort plastic parts.

▶ TOOLS, PIPE and FITTINGS, OTHER MATERIALS YOU WILL NEED (see page 6)

- Plastic inlet and outlet fittings included with the softener allow water flow equivalent to 1" (nominal) pipe. To maintain full valve flow, 1" pipes to and from the softener fittings are recommended. You should maintain the same, or larger, pipe size as the water supply pipe, up to the softener inlet and outlet.
- •Use copper, brass, or galvanized pipe and fittings. Some codes may also allow PVC plastic pipe.
- •ALWAYS install the included bypass valve, **or** 3 shut-off valves. Bypass valves let you turn off water to the softener for repairs if needed, but still have water in the house pipes.

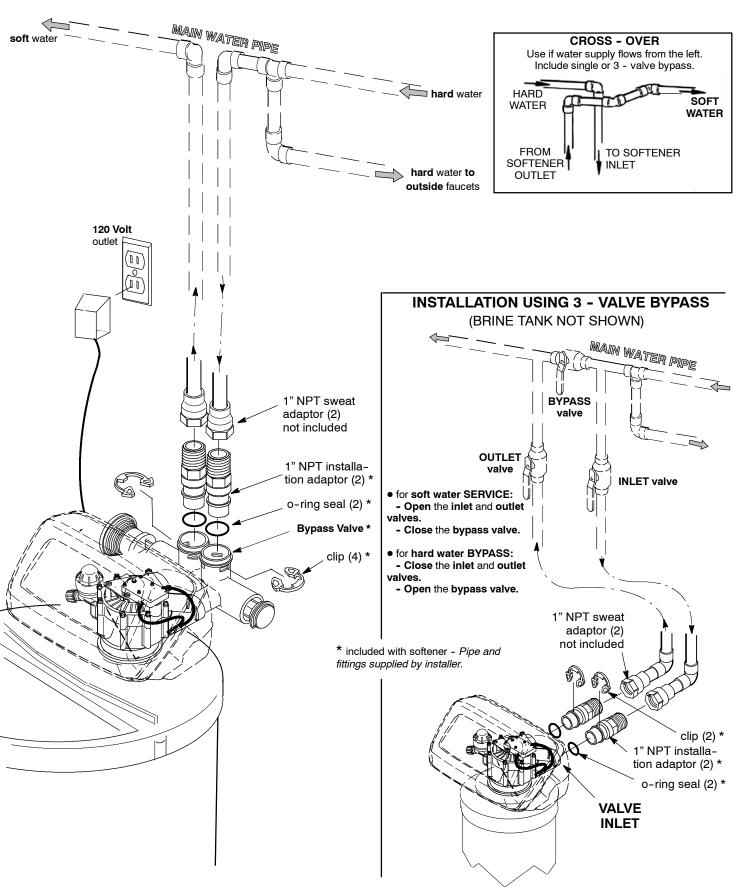
- ■Drain hose (3/8" inside diameter) is needed for the valve drain. See step 5 on page 8. A 15' length of hose is included with some models.
- If a rigid valve drain is needed, to comply with plumbing codes, you can buy the parts needed (see page 8) to connect a 1/2 in. copper tubing drain.
- •A length of 3/8" or 7/16" inside diameter hose is needed for the salt tank drain. A 7' length of hose is included with some models. If a longer length is needed, you can buy good quality, thick-wall, flexible hose at most hardware stores or supply houses.
- ■Nugget or pellet water softener salt is needed to fill the brine tank (see page 9, 10 and 16).

► PLAN HOW YOU WILL INSTALL THE SOFTENER

You must first decide how to run in and out pipes to the softener. Look at the house main water pipe at the point where you will connect the softener. Is the pipe soldered copper, glued plastic, or threaded brass/galvanized? What is the pipe size? Now look at the typical installation illustration on page 6. Use it as a guide when planning your particular installation. **Be sure to direct raw, hard water to the softener valve inlet fitting.** The valve is marked IN and OUT.



TYPICAL SOLDERED COPPER or CPVC INSTALLATIONS

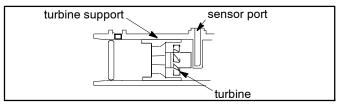




INSTALLATION STEPS

1. INSTALL BYPASS VALVE and/or PLASTIC INSTALLATION ADAPTORS:

NOTE: Before installing the plastic installation adaptors or bypass valve, be sure the turbine and support are firmly in place, in the valve outlet. Blow into the valve port and observe the turbine for free rotation.



▶ Push the bypass valve, with lubricated o-ring seals in place, into the valve inlet and outlet ports, Figures 1A and 1C.

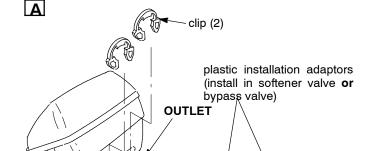
- AND/OR -

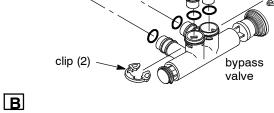
- ➤ Slide plastic installation adaptors, with lubricated o-ring seals in place, into the softener valve or bypass valve inlet and outlet ports, Figure 1A.
- ➤ Snap the two large plastic clips in place, from the top down, Figures 1A and 1B. Be sure they snap into place. Pull on the plastic installation adaptors, or bypass valve, to make sure they are held securely in place.
- **2.** INSTALL THE BRINE TANK OVERFLOW FITTINGS:
- ▶ Insert the rubber grommet into the 3/4" diameter hole in the brine tank sidewall, see page 9.
- ➤ Push the barbed end of the hose adaptor elbow into the grommet.
- **3.** MOVE THE SOFTENER ASSEMBLY (CABINET MODEL), OR RESIN TANK (TWO TANK MODEL) INTO INSTALLATION POSITION:
- ▶ Be sure the installation surface is level and smooth. If needed, place the tank on a section of 3/4" thick (min.) plywood. Then, place shims under the plywood as needed to level the softener.
- **4.** PLUMB **IN** AND **OUT** PIPES TO AND FROM SOFTENER:

CAUTIONS: Observe all of the following cautions while you connect inlet and outlet plumbing.

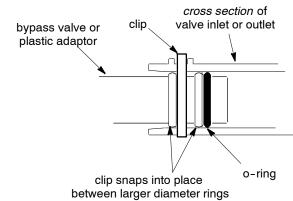
- ► Turn off the house water supply valve and open faucets to relieve pressure in the pipes.
- ▶ BE SURE RAW, **HARD WATER** IS DIRECTED **TO** THE VALVE **INLET** PORT.
- Be sure to use bypass valve(s).

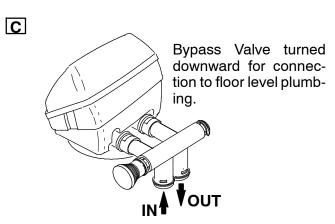
NOTE: CHECK LOCAL PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL CODES. THE INSTALLATION MUST CONFORM TO THEM. In the state of Massachusetts, plumbing code 248-CMR of Massachusetts shall be adhered to. Consult with your licensed plumber.





INLET







INSTALLATION STEPS, continued

- ▶ If making a soldered copper installation, do all sweat soldering before connecting pipes to the softener fittings. Torch heat will damage plastic parts.
- ► When turning threaded pipe fittings onto plastic fittings, use care not to cross-thread.
- ▶ Use pipe joint compound on all external pipe threads.
- ➤ Support inlet and outlet plumbing in some manner (use pipe hangers) to keep the weight off of the valve fittings.
- **5.** INSTALL GROUNDING CLAMP (IF NEEDED):
- ➤ To maintain electrical ground continuity in the house cold water piping, install the included ground clamp as shown. Be sure the pipes are clean under the clamps, to assure good contact.
- FIGURE 2

 ground clamp

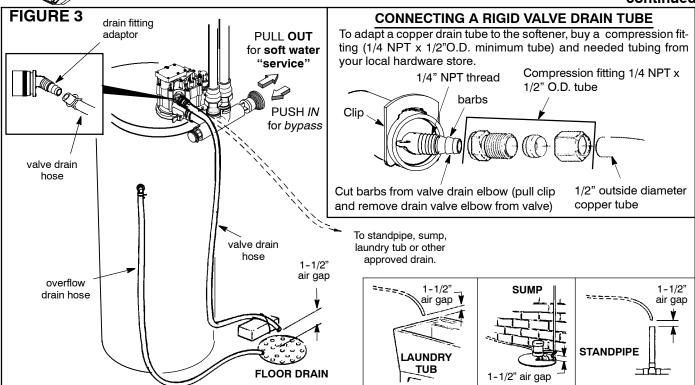
 inlet outlet pipes

- **6.** CONNECT AND RUN THE **VALVE** DRAIN HOSE:
- ► Take a length of 3/8" inside diameter hose and attach to the valve drain fitting.
- ► Locate the other end of the hose at a suitable drain point...floor drain, sump, laundry tub, etc. Check and comply with local codes.

IMPORTANT: If a longer length of hose is needed, buy and use high quality, thick-wall hose that will not easily kink or collapse. The water softener will not work if water cannot exit this hose during regenerations.

- ➤ Tie or wire the hose in place at the drain point. Water pressure will cause it to whip during the backwash and fast rinse cycles of regeneration. Also provide an air gap of at least 1-1/2" between the end of the hose and the drain point. An air gap prevents possible siphoning of sewer water, into the softener, if the sewer should back up.
- ▶ If raising the drain hose overhead is required to get to the drain point, do not raise higher than 8' above the floor. Elevating the hose may cause a back-pressure that could reduce brine draw during regenerations.

continued



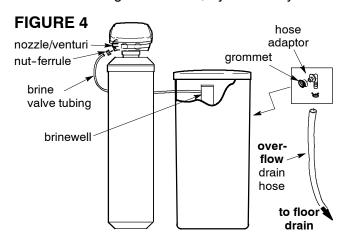


INSTALLATION STEPS, continued

7. CONNECT AND RUN THE **BRINE TANK** OVERFLOW HOSE:

This drain is for safety only. If the brine tank should over-fill with water, the excess is carried to the drain.

- ► Attach a length of hose (included with some models) to the drain elbow, installed in step 2, page 7. Use a hose clamp to hold it in place.
- ▶ Locate the other end of the hose at the drain point. **Do not elevate** this hose higher than the elbow on the brine tank. **Do not tee** this hose to the valve drain hose.
- **8.** ON TWO TANK MODELS, CONNECT BRINE TUBING:
- ➤ Route the brine tubing out, through the largest hole in the brine tank sidewall. Connect the tubing to the nozzle housing, as shown in Figure 4, using a nut-ferrule. Tighten the nut, by hand only.



9. FLUSH PIPES, EXPEL AIR FROM SOFTENER, AND TEST YOUR INSTALLATION FOR WATER LEAKS:

CAUTION: To avoid water or air pressure damage to softener inner parts, be sure to do the following steps exactly as listed.

- **A.** Fully open two cold, **soft** water faucets nearby the softener.
- **B.** Place bypass valve(s) in "bypass" position. On a single valve, slide the stem inward to BYPASS, see page 8. On a 3-valve system, close the inlet and outlet valves, and open the bypass valve, see page 6.
- **C.** Fully open the house main water pipe shutoff valve. Observe a steady flow from both opened faucets.

- **D.** Place bypass valve(s) in "**service**", **EXACTLY** as follows. KEEP SOFT WATER FAUCETS OPEN.
 - 1. SINGLE BYPASS VALVE: **SLOWLY**, pull the valve stem outward to "service", pausing several times to allow the softener to pressurize slowly.
 - 2. 3-VALVE BYPASS: Fully close the bypass valve and open the outlet valve. **SLOWLY**, open the inlet valve, pausing several times to allow the softener to pressurize slowly.
- E. After about three minutes, open a *HOT* water faucet for one minute, or until all air is expelled, then close.
- F. Close both cold water faucets.
- **G.** Check your plumbing work for leaks and fix right away, if any are found. Be sure to observe previous caution notes.
- **H.** Turn on the gas or electric supply to the water heater. Light the pilot, if applicable.

10. ADD WATER AND SALT TO THE BRINE TANK:

- ▶ Remove the salt storage area cover. Add about three gallons of water into the tank. *Do not add into the brinewell*.
- ▶ Fill the tank with NUGGET, PELLET or coarse SOLAR water softener salt. **Do not use** rock, block, granulated, and ice cream making salts, or **salt with iron removing additives.** Also see page 16. *Salt storage capacity* is 200 lbs or more (varies by model). For best results, EcoPure recommends Morton® System Saver® Pellets for use in this water softener.

Note: If the softener is installed in a humid basement or other damp area, it is better to fill the tank with less salt, more frequently (see salt bridging in the maintenance section). Eighty to 100 lbs of salt will last for several months, depending on water hardness, family size, and model of softener.

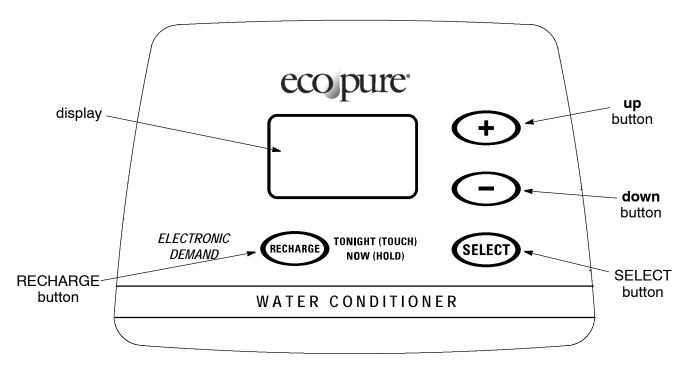
11. CONNECT TO ELECTRICAL POWER:

➤ The softener works on 120 volt, 60 Hz electric power. The included transformer changes standard 120 volt AC house power to 24 volts. Plug the transformer into a 120 volt outlet only. Be sure the outlet is always "live" so it can not be switched off by mistake.

12. PROGRAM THE ELECTRONIC DEMAND TIMER, page 10.



PROGRAMMING THE ELECTRONIC DEMAND TIMER



► TIMER SETTINGS REQUIRED...upon installation, and after an extended power outage (see Program Memory, page 19).

NOTES:

- WHEN THE TRANSFORMER IS PLUGGED INTO THE ELECTRICAL OUTLET (STEP 11, PAGE 9), a flashing 12:00AM and *PRESENT TIME* show in the display area. Program the timer as instructed below. *If* - is flashing, use the UP + button to set the model code (See Table at top of Page 4). If you pass by the correct model code, use the DOWN button. Then, press the SELECT button and program the timer below. *If the wrong model code shows for your model*, see Manual Initiated Electronic Diagnostics on page 20.
- A "beeper" sounds while pressing buttons for timer programming. One beep signals a change in the timer display. Repeated beeps means the timer will not accept a change from the button you have pressed, and you should use another button.
- To set the timer, you will use the UP +, DOWN and SELECT buttons.

► SET PRESENT TIME OF DAY

NOTE: If the words *PRESENT TIME* do not show in the display, press the SELECT button until they do.

1. Press the UP or DOWN button to set. The UP button moves the display ahead; the DOWN moves the time backward.

NOTE: Each press of the buttons changes the time by one minute. Holding the buttons in changes the time 32 minutes each second.

If the present time is between noon and midnight, be sure PM shows.

be sure AM shows.

If the present time is between midnight and noon,



2. When the present time shows, press SELECT to set.





PROGRAMMING THE ELECTRONIC DEMAND TIMER, continued

► SET WATER HARDNESS NUMBER

NOTE: If a flashing 25 (factory default) and the word *HARDNESS* do not show in the display, press SELECT until they do.

1. Press the UP or DOWN button to set your water hardness number in the display. DOWN moves the display down to 1. UP moves the display up to the maximum, which depends on the model.

NOTE: Each press of a button changes the display by 1 between 1 and 25. Above 25, the display changes 5 at a time; 25, 30, 35, etc. Holding a button in changes the numbers twice each second. See the specified maximum hardness, page 4.

2. When your water hardness number shows, press SELECT to set.

25 Hardness

You can get the grains per gallon (gpg) hardness of your water supply from a water analysis laboratory, or call and ask your local water department, if you are on a municipal supply.

NOTE: If your water supply contains iron, increase the hardness setting to compensate for it, as follows: Add 5 to the hardness for each 1 ppm of iron.

► SET REGENERATION (STARTING) TIME

NOTE: RECHARGE TIME and a flashing 2:00 AM (factory default) should show in the display. This is a good time for regeneration to start (over in about 2 hours) in most households because water is not in use. HARD WATER is bypassed to house faucets during regeneration. ... See Automatic Bypass on page 14.

If no change is needed, go to step 2. To change this time, if desired, do step 1.

1. Press the UP or DOWN button to set the desired regeneration start time.

Be sure to observe the AM or PM, as you did when setting the time of day.

NOTE: Each press of the buttons changes the time by one hour. Holding the buttons in changes the time twice each second.

2. Press the SELECT button once more.

The display shows the present time of day.





The special features of your timer are explained on page 18.

TO COMPLETE THE INSTALLATION, DO THE SANITIZING PROCEDURES ON THE NEXT PAGE.



SANITIZING PROCEDURES

Care is taken at the factory to keep your water softener clean and sanitary. Materials used to make the softener will not infect or contaminate your water supply, and will not cause bacteria to form or grow. However, during shipping, storage, installing and operating, bacteria could get into the softener. For this reason, sanitizing as follows is suggested§ when installing.

- **1.** Be sure to complete all installation steps, including timer programming.
- **2.** Pour the amount shown in the next column of common 5.25% household bleach (Clorox, Linco, Bo Peep, White Sail, Eagle, etc.,) **into the brinewell** (Figure 4, page 9).

Model EP 6130: 1-1/2 oz. (3 tablespoons)
Other EP models: 3 oz. (6 tablespoons)

- **3. Start a recharge:** Press the RECHARGE button and hold for 3 seconds, until *RECHARGE NOW* begins to flash in the display. This recharge draws the sanitizing bleach into and through the water softener to sanitize it. Any air remaining in the unit is purged to the drain.
- **4.** After the recharge has completed, fully open a cold water faucet, downstream from the softener, and allow 50 gallons of water to pass through the system. This should take at least 20 minutes. Close the faucet.

§NOTE: Sanitizing is recommended by the Water Quality Association for disinfecting. On some water supplies, they suggest periodic sanitizing.

NOTE: When the above sanitizing regeneration is over, all remaining bleach is flushed from the conditioner and your house COLD water supply is fully soft immediately. However, **your water heater is filled with hard water** and, as hot water is used, it will refill with soft water. When all the hard water is replaced, in the water heater, hot only, and mixed hot and cold water will be fully soft. If you want totally soft water immediately, after the above regeneration, drain the water heater until the water runs cold. **If you do drain the water heater**, *use extreme care as the hot water could cause severe burns*.



WATER AND WATER CONDITIONING

WATER

Man's very existence depends on water. It is one of the basic commodities of life. Water is best as nature provides it, is a common misconception. Practically all natural water needs refinement or treatment to make it safe to drink or more satisfactory to use.

The earth's water supply cycle starts in the upper cloud layers. As it falls to the earth as rain or snow, it picks up impurities and gases from the atmosphere. Landing on earth, it seeps over and through the ground, dissolving earth minerals. Passing through limestone, it dissolves calcium and magnesium, the hardness minerals. Iron deposits impart iron to the water. Acidity and sediments are other water conditions.

Municipal water supplies come from surface reservoirs, such as lakes and rivers, or from underground reservoirs. Usually, municipalities chlorinate the water to make it safe to drink. Sediment is removed by filtration. Tastes and odors are reduced or eliminated. The water is conditioned to comply with certain specifications. However, hardness minerals, tastes and odors are not always reduced to the most desirable levels.

Underground reservoirs provide our private water supplies. Because the water is raw and untreated, it can have varying amounts of hardness, iron, tastes, odors, acidity, or combinations of these. Different localities and water levels affect mineral content.

WATER CONDITIONING

Water conditioning is the treatment of four general conditions. These are: *Hardness*, *Iron*, *Acidity*, *Sediments*.

HARDNESS is a term to describe the presence of calcium and magnesium minerals in water. A chemical analysis accurately measures the amount of minerals in grain weight. For example, one gallon of water with five grains per gallon (gpg) hardness has dissolved minerals, that if solidified, about equals the size of one ordinary aspirin tablet. One gallon of water, 25 gpg hard, has a mineral content equal in size to 5 aspirin tablets. Water hardness varies greatly across the country. It generally contains from 3 to 100 gpg.

Hard water affects living in general. Hardness minerals combine with soap to make a soap curd. The curd greatly reduces the cleaning action of soap. Precipitated hardness minerals form a crust on cooking utensils, appliances, and plumbing fixtures. Even the tastes of foods are affected. A water softener removes the hardness minerals to eliminate these problems, and others.

Sodium Information: Water softeners using sodium chloride (salt) for regeneration add sodium to the water. Persons on sodium restricted diets should consider the added sodium as part of their overall intake.

IRON in water is measured in parts per million (ppm). The total* ppm of iron, and type or types*, is determined by chemical analysis. Four different types of iron in water are: 1 Ferrous (clear water), 2 Ferric (red water), 3 Bacterial and organically bound iron, 4 Colloidal and inorganically bound iron (ferrous or ferric).

*Water may contain one or more of the four types of iron and any combination of these. Total iron is the sum of the contents.

Terrous (clear water) iron is soluble and dissolves in water. It is usually detected by taking a sample of water in a clear bottle or glass. Immediately after taking, the sample is clear. As the water sample stands, it gradually clouds and turns slightly yellow or brown as air oxidizes the iron. This usually occurs in 15 to 30 minutes. A water softener will remove moderate amounts of this type of iron (see specifications).

[2] Ferric (red water), and [3] Bacterial and organically bound irons are insoluble. This iron is visible immediately when drawn from a faucet because it has oxidized before reaching the home. It appears as small cloudy yellow, orange, or reddish suspended particles. After the water stands for a period of time, the particles settle to the bottom of the container. Generally these irons are removed from water by filtration. Chlorination is also recommended for bacterial iron.

continued



WATER AND WATER CONDITIONING, continued

[4] Colloidal and inorganically bound iron is of ferric or ferrous form that will not filter or exchange out of water. In some instances, treatment may improve colloidal iron water, but always CONSULT A QUALIFIED WATER CHEMISTRY LAB before attempting to treat it. Colloidal iron water usually has a yellow appearance when drawn. After standing for several hours, the color persists and the iron does not settle, but remains suspended in the water.

Iron in water causes stains on clothing and plumbing fixtures. It negatively affects the taste of food, drinking water, and other beverages.

ACIDITY or acid water is caused by carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, and sometimes industrial wastes.

It is corrosive to plumbing, plumbing fixtures, water heaters, and other water using appliances. It can also damage and cause premature failure of seals, diaphragms, etc., in water handling equipment.

A chemical analysis is needed to measure the degree of acidity in water. This is called the pH of water. Water testing below 6.9 pH is acidic. The lower the pH reading, the greater the acidity. A neutralizer filter or a chemical feed pump are usually recommended to treat acid water.

SEDIMENT is fine, foreign material particles suspended in water. This material is most often clay or silt. Extreme amounts of sediment may give the water a cloudy appearance. A sediment filter normally corrects this condition.

HOW THE WATER SOFTENER WORKS

SOFT WATER SERVICE, AND REGENERATION, see illustrations, page 15

SERVICE

When the softener is providing soft water, it is called "Service". During service, hard water flows from the house main water pipe into the softener. Inside the softener resin tank is a bed made up of thousands of tiny, plastic resin beads. As hard water passes through the bed, each bead attracts and holds the hardness minerals. This is called ion-exchanging. It is much like a magnet attracting and holding metals. Water without the hardness minerals (soft water) flows from the softener and to the house pipes.

After a period of time, the resin beads become coated with hardness minerals and they have to be cleaned. This cleaning is called regeneration, or recharge. The Ultra demand timer automatically determines when regenerations occur. Regeneration is started at 2:00 a.m. (factory setting) by the softener timer, and consists of 5 stages or cycles. These are: FILL, BRINING, BRINE RINSE, BACKWASH, and FAST RINSE.

REGENERATION

• FILL: Salt, dissolved in water, is called brine. Brine is needed to clean the hardness minerals from the resin beads. To make the brine, water flows into the

salt storage area during the fill stage as shown on page 15.

• **BRINING:** During brining, brine travels from the salt storage area, into the resin tank. Brine is the cleaning agent needed to remove the hardness minerals from the resin beads. The hardness minerals, and brine are discharged to the drain.

The nozzle and venturi create a suction to move the brine, maintaining a very slow rate to get the best resin cleaning with the least salt.

- **BRINE RINSE:** After a pre-measured amount of brine is used, the brine valve closes. Water continues to flow in the same path as during brining, except for the discontinued brine flow. Hardness minerals and brine flush from the resin tank, to the drain.
- **BACKWASH:** During backwash, water travels **up** through the resin tank at a fast flow rate, flushing accumulated iron, dirt, and sediments from the resin bed and to the drain.
- FAST RINSE: Backwash is followed by a fast flow of water down through the resin tank. The fast flow flushes brine from the bottom of the tank, and packs the resin bed.

After fast rinse, the softener returns to soft water service.

AUTOMATIC HARD WATER BYPASS DURING REGENERATION

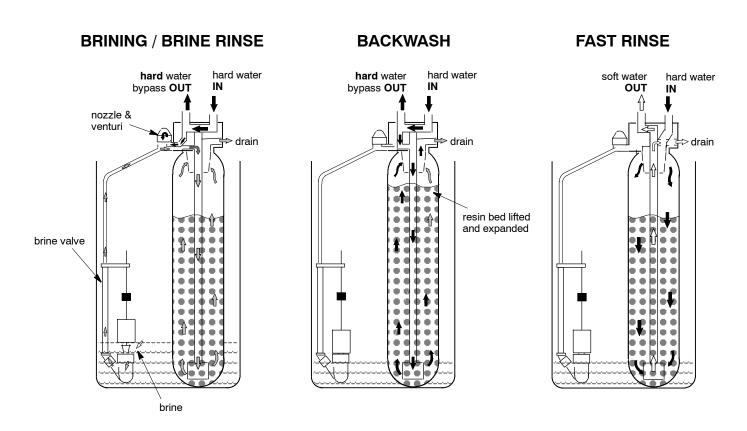
For emergency needs, **hard** water is available to the home during the regeneration cycles. However,

you should avoid using HOT water because the water heater will refill with the hard water.



WATER FLOW THROUGH SOFTENER

SOFT WATER SERVICE FILL soft water hard water hard water soft water IN IN OUT salt storage salt storage tank (salt tank not shown) brine valve brine valve resin tank resin bed fill water





GENERAL WATER SOFTENER MAINTENANCE

CHECKING THE SALT STORAGE LEVEL, AND ADDING SALT (also see page 9)

Brine (salt dissolved in water) is needed for each and every regeneration. The water for making brine is metered into the salt storage area by the softener valve and electronic control. However, **you must maintain a level of salt in the tank.** In humid areas, it is best to add less salt. more often.

WHEN TO ADD SALT: Check the salt level a few weeks after you install the softener and every week after that. Add when the brine tank is from 1/3 to 1/2 full. Never allow the softener to use all the salt before

you add more. Without salt, you will soon have hard water.

Use clean water softener salt only, at least 99.5% pure. NUGGET, PELLET or coarse SOLAR salts are recommended. Do not use rock, block, granulated, and ice cream making salts. They contain dirt and sediments, or mush and cake, and will create maintenance problems. For best results, EcoPure recommends Morton® System Saver® Pellets for use in this water softener.

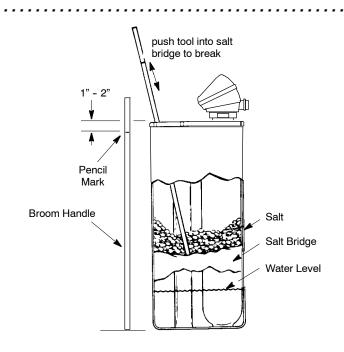
BREAKING A SALT BRIDGE

Sometimes, a hard crust or salt bridge forms in the salt storage area. It is usually caused by high humidity or the wrong kind of salt. When the salt bridges, an empty space forms between the water and salt. Then salt will not dissolve in the water to make brine.

If the brine tank is full of salt, it is hard to tell if you have a salt bridge. Salt is loose on top, but the bridge is under it. The following is the best way to check for a salt bridge.

Salt should be loose all the way to the bottom of the tank. Take a broom handle, or like tool, and **carefully** push it down into the salt, working it up and down. If the tool strikes a hard object (be sure it's not the bottom or sides of the tank), it's most likely a salt bridge. Carefully break the bridge with the tool. DO NOT pound on the walls of the tank.

If the wrong kind of salt made the bridge, take it out. Then fill the tank with nugget or pellet salt only. For best results, EcoPure recommends Morton® System Saver® Pellets for use in this water softener.



CLEANING IRON OUT OF THE WATER SOFTENER

Your water softener takes hardness minerals (calcium and magnesium) out of the water. Also, it can control some (see specifications, page 4) "clear water" iron. With clear water iron, water from a faucet is clear when first put into a glass. After 15 to 30 minutes, the water begins to cloud or turn rust colored. A water softener WILL NOT remove any iron that makes the water cloudy or rusty as it comes from the faucet (called red water iron). To take red water iron out of water, or over the maximum of clear

water iron, an iron filter or other equipment is needed. Your local dealer has trained people to help you with iron water problems.

If your water supply has clear water iron, periodic resin bed cleaning is needed. Clean the bed at least every six months, or more often if iron appears in the soft water between treatments. Follow directions on the resin bed cleaner container.



GENERAL WATER SOFTENER MAINTENANCE, continued

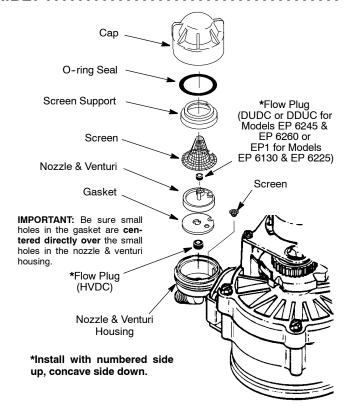
CLEANING THE NOZZLE AND VENTURI ASSEMBLY

A clean nozzle and venturi is needed for the softener to work right. This small unit makes the suction to move brine from the salt storage area to the resin tank during regeneration. If the nozzle and venturi becomes plugged with sand, silt, dirt, etc., the softener will not work and you will get hard water.

To get to the nozzle and venturi, remove the softener top cover. Be sure the softener is in service cycle (no water pressure at nozzle and venturi). Then, while holding the nozzle & venturi housing with one hand, turn off the cap. Lift out the screen support and screen, then the nozzle and venturi. Wash and rinse the parts in warm water until clean. If needed, use a small brush to remove iron or dirt. Also check and clean the gasket.

NOTE: Models in this manual have a small flow plug located in the nozzle and venturi, and a small cone shaped screen in the housing. Be sure to check and clean these parts.

Carefully replace all parts in the correct order. Lubricate the o-ring seal with silicone grease and place in position. Install and tighten the cap, by hand only. Do not over-tighten and break the cap or housing.



SERVICE CHECKLIST

NO SOFT WATER

No salt in storage tank: See page 16 to refill, then start a regeneration, or recharge.

Transformer unplugged at wall outlet, or disconnected from timer: Reconnect to electrical power and start a regeneration, or recharge.

Fuse blown, circuit breaker popped, or circuit mistakenly switched off: Check and resolve as needed. Then, start a regeneration, or recharge.

Plumbing bypass valve(s) in "bypass" position: Refer to page 6 or 8 and position valve(s) for "service" to direct soft water to house pipes. Then, start a regeneration, or recharge.

Timer not programmed: See pages 10 and 11.

Nozzle & venturi dirty, or salt in storage tank bridged: See page 16 and above to clean. Then, start a regeneration, or recharge.

WATER INTERMITTENTLY HARD

Possible increase in water hardness: See page 11

Hot water used when softener is regenerating: The water heater will refill with hard water, see Automatic Hard Water Bypass During Regenerations, page 14.

Leaking faucet or toilet valve: A small leak will waste hundreds of gallons of water in just a few days. Fix all water leaks immediately.



ELECTRONIC DEMAND TIMER FEATURES, AND SERVICE

NOTE: SEE PAGE 10 TO SET THE TIMER TO THE CORRECT TIME OF DAY, WATER HARDNESS NUMBER, AND RECHARGE START TIME.

NORMAL OPERATION, TIMER DISPLAYS

During normal operation, the present time of day, and AM or PM, show in the time display area.



feature: OPTIONAL RECHARGE CONTROLS

Sometimes, a manually started regeneration (recharge) may be desired, or needed. Two examples are:

- ... You have used more water than usual (house guests, extra washing, etc.) and you may run out of soft water before the next regeneration.
- ... You did not refill the storage tank with salt before it was all gone.

Use one of the following features to start a regeneration immediately, or at the next preset regeneration start time.

RECHARGE NOW

Press and **hold** in the RE-CHARGE button until **RE-CHARGE NOW** starts to flash in the time display area. The soften-



er begins an immediate regeneration, and when over in about two hours, you will have a new supply of soft water. Once started, you cannot cancel this regeneration.

RECHARGE TONIGHT

Press and release the RECHAR-GE button, and **RECHARGE TO-NIGHT** flashes in the time display area. A regeneration will occur at



the next preset regeneration start time. If you decide to cancel this regeneration, touch the same button once more.

VACATION NOTE

EcoPure Demand water softeners regenerate only while water is used and softening capacity must be restored. For this reason, the softener will not regenerate when you are away from home for extended periods.

feature: PROGRAM MEMORY

If electrical power to the softener is interrupted, the time display is blank, but the timer keeps correct time for about 6 hours. When power is restored, you have to reset the present time **only if** the display is flashing. **All** other settings are maintained and never require resetting unless a change is desired.

If the time *is* flashing after a long power outage, the softener continues to work as it should to provide you with soft water. However, regenerations may occur at the wrong time of day until you reset the timer to the correct time of day, page 10.

feature: SALT EFFICIENCY

When this feature is ON, the unit will operate at salt efficiencies of 4000 grains of hardness per pound of salt or higher. (May recharge more often using smaller salt dosage and less water). Press and hold the SELECT button for 3 seconds until the following screen is diplayed.

Press and release the SELECT button once and the SALT EFFICIENCY display shows. Use the UP / Down buttons to change the *ON* / *OFF* displays. Press SELECT once more to return to normal operating screens. When this is ON the efficiency icon will show in the upper right hand corner of the display.









ELECTRONIC DEMAND TIMER FEATURES, AND SERVICE, continued

California Efficiency Requirement

Your water softener has a "High Efficiency" feature with an "ON" or "OFF" setting. This softener setting is shipped in the "OFF" position, which utilizes the maximum rated capacity while most often achieving maximum salt efficiencies. When installing this unit in the State of California, you MUST turn this setting to the "ON" position which may initiate more frequent recharges, however it will operate at 4000 grains per pound of salt or higher.

If you wish to turn the Salt Efficiency feature "ON" (icon will show in display), follow the instructions on page 18.

feature / service: AUTOMATIC ELECTRONIC DIAGNOSTICS

The timer computer has a self-diagnostic function for the electrical system (except input power and water meter). The computer monitors the electronic components and circuits for correct operation. If a malfunction occurs, an error code appears in the timer display.

The following chart (below) shows the error codes that could appear, and possible defects for each

code. While an error code is displayed, all timer buttons are inoperable except for the SELECT button. SELECT remains operational so the service person can make the Manual Initiated Electronic Diagnostics to further isolate the defect, and check the

	ERROR CODE DISPLAYED				
	Err 01 Err 03 Err 04 Err 05				
POSSIBLE DEFECT	 i wiring harness, or connection to switch in position switch in motor inoperative in valve defect causing high torque i timer (PWA) 				
	TO REMOVE AN ERROR CODE: (1) unplug transformer (2) correct defect (3) plug transformer in (4) Wait for at least 12 minutes. The error code will return if the reason for the error code was not corrected.				

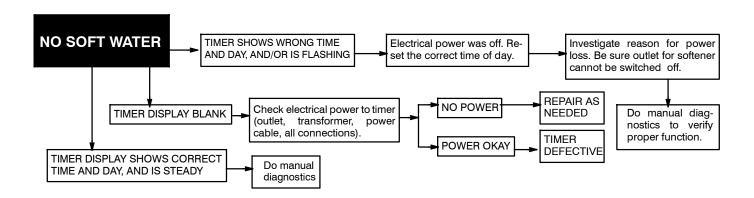
water meter.

service: TIMER / SOFTENER, SERVICE CHECKOUT PROCEDURE

If you are not getting soft water, and an error code is not displayed, use the procedures below to find the problem. First, make the following visual checks.

VISUAL CHECKS: (1) Is there electrical power to the outlet the softener transformer is plugged into?

(2) Is there salt in the storage tank? (3) Is the plumbing bypass valve(s) directing water for soft water service? -see page 6- (4) Is the valve drain hose open to the drain, not elevated too high, and unobstructed? If you do not find a problem with the visual checks, continue below.





ELECTRONIC DEMAND TIMER FEATURES, AND SERVICE, continued

service: MANUAL INITIATED ELECTRONICS DIAGNOSTIC

1. To enter diagnostics, press and hold the SELECT button until (000 – –) shows in the display.



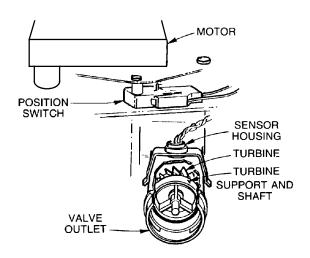


(A)The first 3 digits indicate water meter operation as follows:

♦ 000 (steady) = soft water not in use...no flow through the meter.

- OPEN A NEARBY SOFT WATER FAUCET -

♦ 000 to 199 (continual) for Models EP 6130 and EP 6225 **OR** 000 to 141 (continual) for Models EP 6245 and EP 6260 = repeats display for each gallon of water passing through the meter.



If you don't get a reading in the display, with faucet open, pull the sensor from the valve outlet port. Pass a small magnet back and forth in front of the sensor. You should get a reading in the display. If you get a reading, unhook the in and out plumbing and check the turbine for binding.

(B) The letter (P) and dash(es) indicate POSITION switch operation. The letter appearing means the switch is closed; the dash means the switch is open.

Use the RECHARGE button to manually advance the valve into each cycle and check correct switch operation.

CORRECT SWITCH DISPLAYS	VALVE CYCLE STATUS
	Valve in service, fill, brining, backwash or fast rinse position.
- P	Valve rotating from one position to another.

C. While in this diagnostic screen, the following information is available and may be beneficial for various reasons. This information is retained by the computer from the first time electrical power is applied to the face plate.

...Press the UP button to display the number of days this face plate has had electrical power applied.



...Press the DOWN button to display the number of regenerations initiated by this face plate since the model code was entered.



2. Press the SELECT button and *hold* in 3 seconds until a model code appears in the display.



For proper softener operation, the code must be set correctly for your model (See Table at top of Page 4).

To reset the model code, press the UP or DOWN button until the correct number shows.

3. Press SELECT to return the present time display. If the model code was changed, make ALL the timer settings, pages 10 and 11.

NOTE: If the face plate is left in a diagnostic display (or a flashing display when setting times or hardness), present time automatically returns if a button is not pressed within 4 minutes.



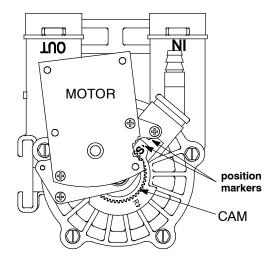
ELECTRONIC DEMAND TIMER FEATURES, AND SERVICE, continued

service: MANUAL ADVANCE REGENERATION CHECK

This check verifies proper operation of the valve motor, brine tank fill, brine draw, regeneration flow rates, and other controller functions. First, make the initial checks, and the manual initiated diagnostics.

NOTE: The face plate display must show a steady time (not flashing).

- 1. Press the RECHARGE button and *hold* in for 3 seconds. RECHARGE NOW begins to flash as the softener enters the fill cycle of regeneration. Remove the brinewell cover and, using a flashlight, observe fill water entering the brine tank.
- ▶ If water **does not** enter the tank, look for an obstructed nozzle, venturi, fill flow plug, brine tubing, or brine valve riser pipe.



2. After observing fill, press the RECHARGE button to move the softener into brining. A slow flow of water to the drain will begin. Verify brine draw from the brine tank by shining a flashlight into the brinewell and observing a noticeable drop in the liquid level.

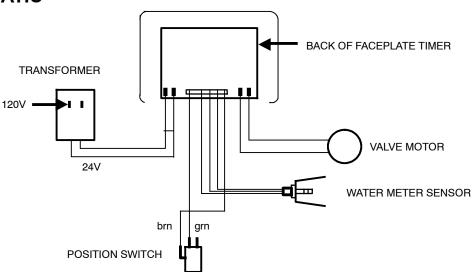
NOTE: Be sure a salt bridge is not preventing water with salt contact.

- ▶ If the softener does not draw brine...
- ...nozzle and/or venturi dirty or defective.
- ...nozzle and venturi not seated properly on gasket.
- ...restricted drain (check drain fitting and hose).
- ...defective nozzle and venturi seal.
- ...other inner valve defect (rotor seal, rotor & disc, wave washer, etc.).

NOTE: If water system pressure is low, an elevated drain hose may cause back pressure, stopping brine draw.

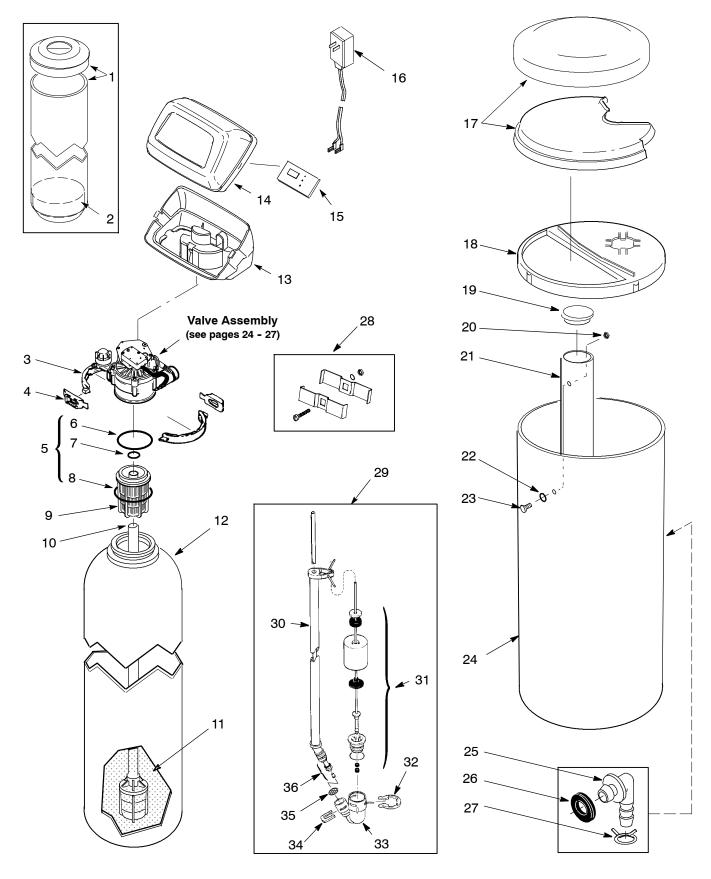
- **3.** Again, press the RECHARGE button to move the softener into backwash. Look for a fast flow of water from the drain hose.
- ♦ A slow flow indicates a plugged top distributor, backwash flow plug, or drain hose.
- **4.** Press RECHARGE to move the softener into fast rinse. Again look for a fast drain flow. Allow the softener to rinse for a few minutes to flush out any brine that may remain in the resin tank from the brining cycle test.
- **5.** To return the softener to service, press RE-CHARGE.

WIRING SCHEMATIC





SOFTENER REPAIR PARTS (Models EP 6130, EP 6225, EP 6245 & EP 6260)





SOFTENER REPAIR PARTS (Models EP 6130, EP 6225, EP 6245 & EP 6260)

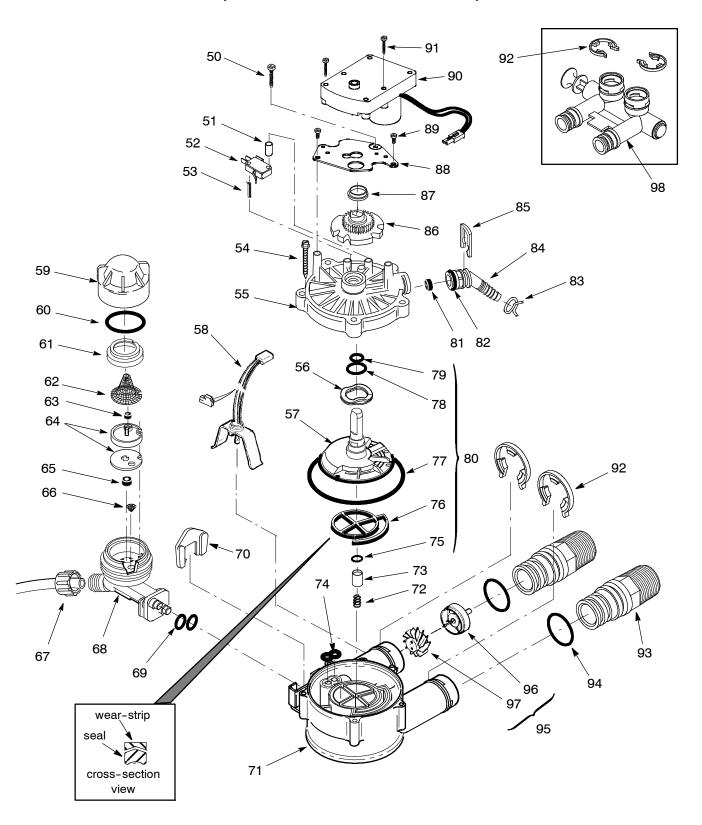
KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION		
1	7112971	Shroud, Models EP 6225 & EP 6245 (Incl. Key No. 2)		
	7246649	Shroud, Model EP 6260		
2	7026196	Base, Models EP 6225 & EP 6245		
3	7176292	Clamp Section (2 req.)		
4	7088033	Clamp Retainer (2 req.)		
5	7112963	O-ring Seal Kit		
6	-	O-ring Seal, 2-7/8 in. x 3-1/4 in.		
7	-	O-ring Seal, 13/16 in. x 1-1/16 in.		
8	-	O-ring Seal, 2-3/4 in. x 3 in.		
9	7077870	Top Distributor		
10	7105047	Repl. Bottom Distributor		
11	0502272	Resin, 53 lbs (1 cu ft)		
	7113058	Resin Tank, 8 in. dia x 40 in., Models EP 6130 & EP 6225		
12	7247996	Resin Tank, 10 in. dia x 40 in., Model EP 6245		
	7113074	Resin Tank, 12 in. dia x 54 in., Model EP 6260		
10	7180314	Bottom Cover, Models EP 6130 & EP 6225		
13	7189449	Bottom Cover, Models EP 6245 & EP 6260		
14	7180291	Faceplate Cover, Models EP 6130 & EP 6225 (also order following decal)		
14	7260554	Faceplate Cover, Models EP 6245 & EP 6260 (also order following decal)		
	7302720	Decal, Faceplate, Models EP 6130 & EP 6225		
•	7302738	Decal, Faceplate, Models EP 6245 & EP 6260		
15	7303213	Repl. Electronic Control Board (PWA)		
16	7275907	Transformer		
	7192785	Salt Cover, Model EP 6130		
17	7180437	Salt Cover, Models EP 6225, EP 6245 & EP 6260		

KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	
18	7178626	Rim , Model EP 6130 only	
19	7155115	Brinewell Cover	
20	7082150	Wing Nut, 1/4 - 20	
21	7100819	Brinewell	
22	7003847	O-ring	
23	7148875	Screw	
	7161831	Repl. Brine Tank, Model EP 6130	
24	7114800	Repl. Brine Tank, Models EP 6225, EP 6245 & EP 6260	
25	1103200	Hose Adaptor	
26	9003500	Grommet	
27	0900431	Hose Clamp	
28	7248706	Ground Clamp Assembly	
	7310171	Brine Valve Assembly, Model EP 6130	
29	7310197	Brine Valve Assembly, Model EP 6225	
	7310210	Brine Valve Assembly, Models EP 6245 & EP 6260	
7095470 Mode		Brine Tube, Model EP 6130 & EP 6225	
30	7221746	Brine Tube, Models EP 6245 & EP 6260	
01	7113008	Float, Stem & Guide Assembly, Models EP 6130 & EP 6225	
31	7221754	Float, Stem & Guide Assembly, Models EP 6245 & EP 6260	
32	7116713	Clip	
33	7308881	Brine Valve Body	
34	7142942	Clip	
35	7131365	Screen	
36	7113016	Tubing Assembly	
*	7139999	Drain Tubing	

not illustrated.



VALVE REPAIR PARTS (Models EP 6130 & EP 6225)





VALVE REPAIR PARTS (Models EP 6130 & EP 6225)

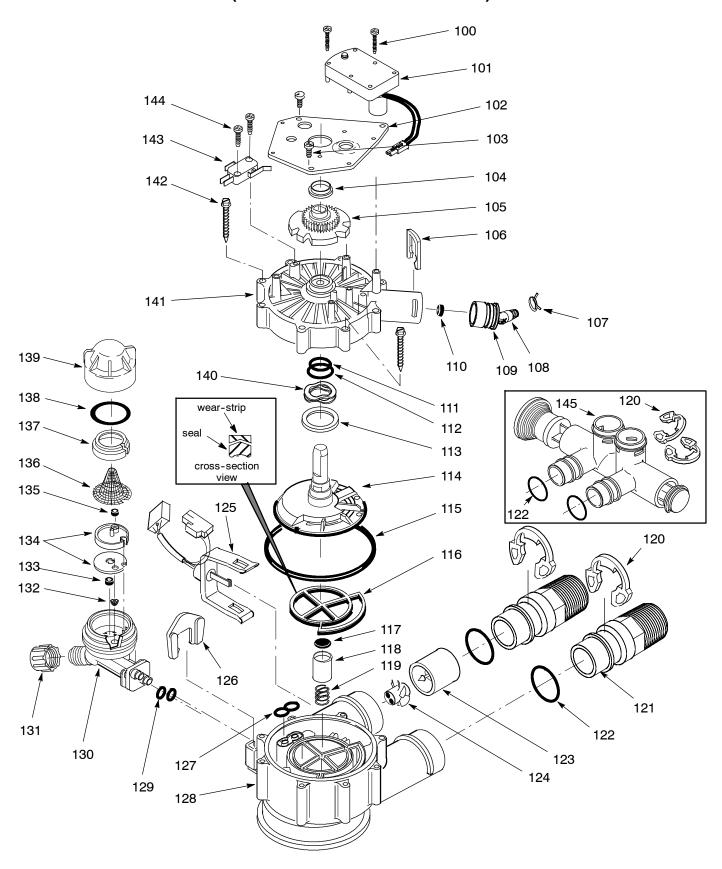
KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION		
50	7070412	Screw, #4 - 24 x 1-1/8 in.		
51	7117816	Spacer		
52	7030713	Switch		
53	7077472	Expansion Pin		
54	7074123	Screw, #10 14 x 2 in. (5 req.)		
55	7085263	Valve Cover		
56	7082087	Wave Washer		
57	7199232	Rotor & Disc		
58	7309803	Sensor Housing/Wiring Harness Asm.		
59	7199729	Сар		
60	7170262	O-ring Seal, 1-1/8 in. x 1-3/8 in.		
61	7167659	Screen Support		
62	7146043	Screen		
63	0521829	Flow Plug, .1 gpm		
0.4	7187772	Nozzle & Venturi w/Gasket Kit		
64	7204362	Gasket (only)		
65	1148800	Fill Flow Plug, .3 gpm		
66	7095030	Cone Screen		
67	1202600	Nut-Ferrule		
68	7081104	Housing, Nozzle & Venturi		
•	7187065	Nozzle & Venturi Asm. (Incl. Key Nos. 59 - 66, and 68)		
69	7170319	O-ring Seal, 1/4 in. x 3/8 in. (2 req.)		
70	7081201	Retainer		
71	7082053	Valve Body		
72	7129889	Spring		
73	7092642	Plug (Drain Seal)		

KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
74	-	Seal (Nozzle & Venturi)
75	-	O-ring Seal, 3/8 in. x 9/16 in.
76	-	Rotor Seal
77	-	O-ring Seal, 3-3/8 in. x 3-5/8 in.
78	-	O-ring Seal, 3/4 in. x 15/16 in.
79	-	O-ring Seal, 7/16 in. x 5/8 in.
80	7129716	Seal Kit (Includes Key Nos. 74 - 79)
81	0501228	Flow Plug, 2.0 gpm
82	7170327	O-ring Seal, 5/8 in. x 13/16 in.
83	0900431	Hose Clamp
84	7024160	Drain Hose Adaptor
85	7142942	Clip
86	7284964	Cam & Gear
87	0503288	Bearing
88	7308085	Motor Plate
89	0900857	Screw, #6 - 20 x 3/8 in. (2 req.)
90	7286039	Motor (Includes Key No. 91)
91	7224087	Screw, #8 - 32 x 1 in. (2 req.)
92	7116713	Clip (4 req.)
93	7278442	Installation Adaptor (2 req.)
94	7170288	O-ring Seal, 15/16 in. x 1-3/16 in. (2 req.)
95	7113040	Turbine and Support Asm.
96	-	Turbine Support
97	-	Turbine
98	7278434	Bypass Valve (incl. 2 ea. of Key No. 94)

not illustrated.



VALVE REPAIR PARTS (Models EP 6245 & EP 6260)





VALVE REPAIR PARTS (Models EP 6245 & EP 6260)

KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	
100	7224087	Screw, #8-32 x 1 in. (2 req.)	
101	7286039	Motor (incl. 2 ea. of Key No. 100)	
102	7231393	Motor Plate	
103	0900857	Screw, #6-20 x 3/8 in. (3 req.)	
104	7171250	Bearing	
105	7283489	Cam and Gear	
106	7169180	Clip (Drain)	
107	0900431	Hose Clamp	
108	7271270	Drain Hose Adaptor	
109	7170288	O-ring, 15/16 in. x 1-3/16 in.	
110	0501228	Flow Plug, 2.0 gpm	
111	-	O-ring, 5/8 in. x 13/16 in.	
112	-	O-ring, 1-1/8 in. x 1-1/2 in.	
113	7174313	Bearing, Wave Washer	
114	7185500	Rotor & Disc	
115	-	O-ring, 4-1/2 in. x 4-7/8 in.	
116	-	Rotor Seal	
117	-	Seal	
118	7171187	Plug (Drain Seal)	
119	7129889	Spring	
120	7089306	Clip (4 req.)	
121	7271204	Installation Adaptor, 1 in. (2 req.)	
122	7311127	O-ring, 1-1/16 in. x 1-5/16 in. (4 req.)	
123	7094898	Turbine Support	
124	7101548	Turbine	
125	7309811	Sensor Housing/Wiring Harness Asm.	
126	7081201	Retainer (Nozzle & Venturi)	
127	-	Seal (Nozzle & Venturi)	

KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	
128	7171145	Valve Body	
129	7170319	O-ring, 1/4 in. x 3/8 in. (2 req.)	
•	7253808	Nozzle & Venturi Asm. (incl. Key Nos. 130 & 132-139)	
130	7081104	Housing, Nozzle & Venturi	
131	1202600	Nut — Ferrule	
132	7095030	Cone Screen	
133	1148800	Flow Plug, .3 gpm	
101	7114533	Nozzle and Venturi — Gasket Kit	
134	7204362	Gasket (only)	
135	7084607	Flow Plug, .15 gpm	
136	7146043	Screen	
137	7167659	Screen Support	
138	7170262	O-ring, 1-1/8 in. x 1-3/8 in.	
139	7199729	Сар	
140	7175199	Wave Washer	
141	7171161	Valve Cover	
142	7172997	Screw, #10 x 2-5/8 in. (8 req.)	
143	7305150	Switch	
144	7140738	Screw, #4-24 x 3/4 in. (2 req.)	
145	7214383	Bypass Valve (Incl. following parts)	
•	7172882	Stem	
•	7173016	O-ring, 1.109 in. x 1.387 in. (4 req.)	
•	7175238	C-ring	
*	7185487	Seal Kit (incl. Key Nos. 111, 112, 115, 116, 117 & 127)	

not illustrated.



PARTS RETURN TAGS

If you have a defective part or assembly under warranty, please fill in a parts return tag. Cut out the tag, complete all information requested, and include it with the defective part when you return it to the place where you purchased the conditioner.

PARTS RETURN TAG			PARTS RETURN TAG CUSTOMER'S NAME		
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
CONDITIONER MODEL NUMBER	SERI	AL NUMBER	CONDITIONER MODEL N	UMBER SEF	RIAL NUMBER
DATE PURCHASED DATE PART FAILED North Star 1890 Woodlane Drive Woodbury, MN 55125		DATE PURCHASED DATE PART FAILED North Star 1890 Woodlane Drive Woodbury, MN 55125			
	MER'S NAME			RTS RETURN TAG	i
STREE	ET ADDRESS		STREET ADDRESS		
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
CONDITIONER MODEL NUMBER SERIAL NUMBER		CONDITIONER MODEL NO	UMBER SEF	RIAL NUMBER	
DATE PURCHASED North Star 1890 Woodlane Drive Woodbury, MN 55125				DAT North Star 90 Woodlane Drive podbury, MN 55125	